



STORYLINE RECONSTRUCTION FROM UNORDERED IMAGE SEQUENCES

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Motivation

Increasing number of unstructured image streams uploaded on web !!

flickr 5.26 billion public images until



40 million images uploaded daily



400 hours of video per day

Problem

Input : Photostream – P {P1, P2, P3, P4}

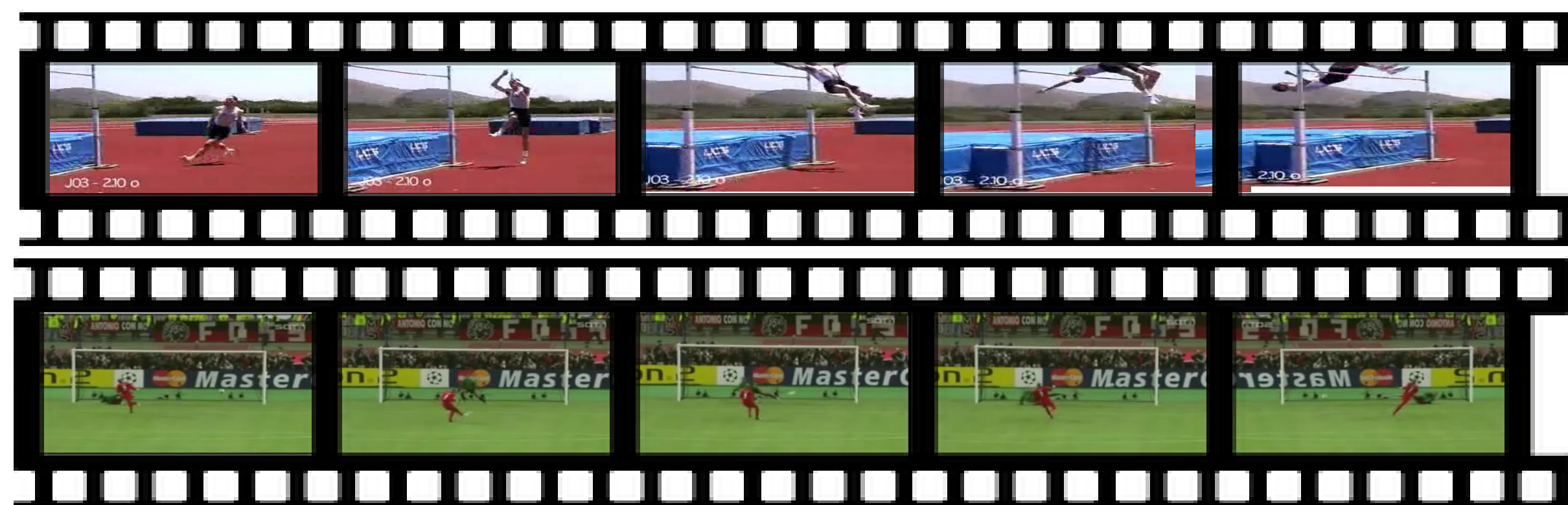
Output: Chronological Sequence – P' {P3, P2, P1, P4}

Idea :

1. Cluster the keyframes generated from videos.
2. Image matching with all images in ordered cluster to get voting for correct order.

Dataset

- UCF101 action recognition dataset collected from YouTube videos (Sports category).
- Ten categories with 70 videos in each.

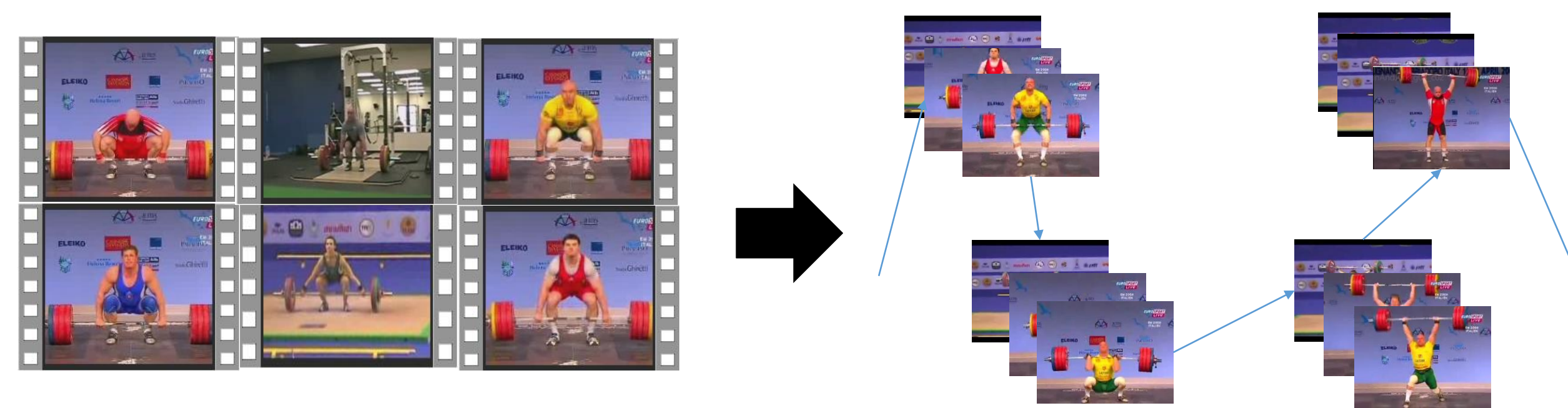


Approach

Feature Selection:

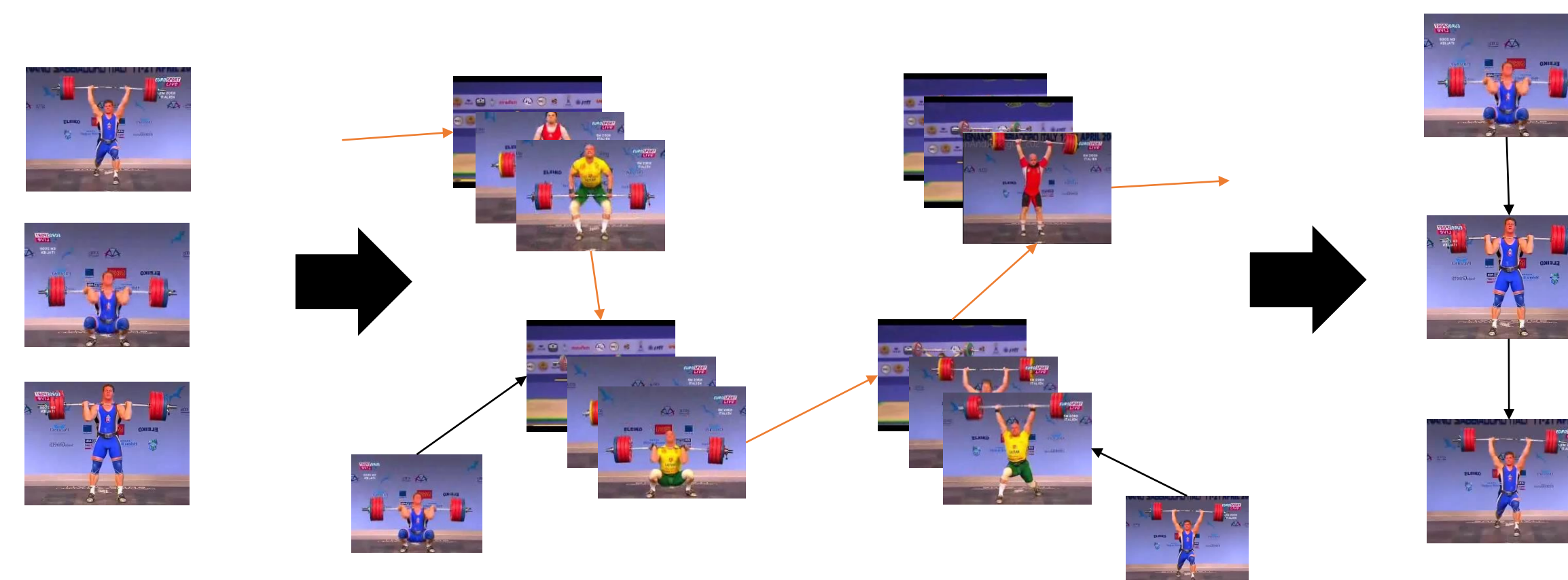
- Images are represented as deep features.
- We used overfeat[2] package to generate these features.

Training:



- A set of training videos is taken for each activity.
- Generate Key frames from the video using optical flow features.
- Create clusters from key frames. These clusters ideally represent different stages of the activity.
- Using temporal information from videos, create a graph with clusters as vertices.

Testing:



- Take a photo stream as input.
- Compare each new image with each cluster center.
- Assign each image to a cluster.
- Deduce the ordering of images using the graph.

Results

Feature	Accuracy (%)
HOG	14.62
LBP	9.88
Deep	---

Future Work

- Unsupervised clustering
- Conversion as a classification problem.
- Calculate similarity measure by weighing certain important regions.

References

1. Gunhee Kim, Leonid Sigal, and Eric P. Xing *Joint Summarization of Large-scale Collections of Web Images and Videos for Storyline Reconstruction*, CVPR 2014
2. Pierre Sermanet, David Eigen, Xiang Zhang, Michael Mathieu, Rob Fergus, Yann LeCun: "OverFeat: Integrated Recognition, Localization and Detection using Convolutional Networks", International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR 2014), April 2014.